

Holyoke School District RE-1J
Holyoke, Colorado

Financial Statements

For the Year ended June 30, 2022

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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Education
Holyoke School District RE-1J
Holyoke, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Holyoke School District RE-1J (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. And the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and historical pension and other post-employment benefit information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of

America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, auditors' integrity report and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information, the auditors' integrity report and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 21, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lauer, Szabo & Associates, P.C.

Sterling, Colorado
November 21, 2022

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RJ-3
Management Discussion and Analysis
For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

This section of Holyoke School District RE-1J annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Holyoke School District RE-1J exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$6,335,350 (net position).
- The district's total net position increased by \$5,554,727.
- General revenues accounted for \$7,314,404 or 68% of the \$10,700,895 in total revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, sales, and grants accounted for \$3,386,491 or 32% of revenues.
- The general fund ending fund balance reached \$3,403,379, an increase of \$75,241 from last year.

Overview of Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. A comparison to the prior year's activity is normally provided in the document. The basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector businesses.

The statement of net position includes all of the School District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and retiree's early retirement bonuses). In the government-wide financial statements, the School District's activities include the following:

- **Governmental activities:** Most of the School District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, transportation, maintenance and operations, administration, food service and pupil activities. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues principally support these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School District's operations, focusing on the most significant or "major" funds, not the School District as a whole. The School District has one type of fund: governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine the status of financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's program.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Thus, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balances provide reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements in order to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School District maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures and change in fund balances for the General Fund and Building Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other five governmental funds are combined in a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-19 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements may be found on pages 20-56 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also presents other supplementary information concerning the School District's annual appropriated budgets with comparison statements that demonstrate compliance with budgets. Budgeted amounts may be found on pages 58-88.

Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the School District's financial position.

71% of the School District's assets are investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and equipment). The school District uses these assets to provide instruction and related services to its students.

The following table provides a summary of the district's net position (liabilities) as of June 30, 2022.

	Governmental Activities		Total Percentage Change
	2022	2021	2021-2022
Current and Other assets	\$ 5,736,896	\$ 7,455,247	-23.05%
Capital assets	13,752,878	10,479,360	31.24%
Total assets	19,489,774	17,934,607	8.67%
Deferred outflows of resources	1,667,388	2,526,045	-33.99%
Total assets & deferred outflows of resources	\$ 21,157,162	\$ 20,460,652	3.40%
Long term liabilities	\$ 10,505,718	\$ 13,848,159	-24.14%
Other liabilities	888,137	1,567,472	-43.34%
Total liabilities	11,393,855	15,415,631	-26.09%
Deferred inflows of resources	3,427,957	4,264,398	-19.61%
Net investment in capital assets	9,712,570	7,534,661	28.91%
Restricted	1,085,713	2,585,233	-58.00%
Unrestricted	(4,462,933)	(9,339,271)	-52.21%
Total net position	6,335,350	780,623	711.58%
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 21,157,162	\$ 20,460,652	3.40%

Following is a summary of the School District's change in net position.

	Governmental Activities		Total Percentage Change
Revenues	2022	2021	2021-2022
Program Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 75,205	\$ 54,777	37.29%
Operating Grants & Contributions	1,622,687	2,050,400	-20.86%
Capital Grants & Contributions	1,688,599	894,091	88.86%
General Revenues			
Property taxes	3,324,822	3,294,858	.91%
State equalization	3,448,956	2,885,700	19.52%
Other	540,626	237,778	127.37%
Total Revenue	10,700,895	9,417,604	13.63%
Expenses			
Instruction	2,857,640	2,094,366	36.44%
Pupil & Instructional Services	198,907	194,211	2.42%
Administration & Business	439,902	335,621	31.07%
Maintenance & Operations	482,333	372,906	29.34%
Transportation	250,159	171,070	46.23%
Other	917,227	1,066,318	-13.98%
Total Expenses	5,146,168	4,234,492	21.53%
Change in net position	\$ 5,554,727	\$ 5,183,112	7.17%

Governmental Activities

The primary source of operating revenue for school districts comes from the School Finance Act of 1994, as amended (SFA). Under the SFA the School District received \$9,705 per funded student. In fiscal year 2021-22 the funded pupil count was 602.8. Funding for the SFA comes from property taxes, specific ownership tax and state equalization. The School District receives approximately 53% of this funding from state equalization while the remaining amount comes from property taxes and specific ownership tax. The School District's assessed valuation generated \$2,712,707 in property taxes levied for general purposes for fiscal year 2021-2022.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School district's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the School District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,807,468, a decrease of \$1,028,492 in comparison with the prior year. The general fund had a fund balance increase of \$75,241, the building fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$1,517,665 and the other governmental funds had a fund balance increase of \$413,932.

General Fund Budget Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Colorado law and is based on accounting for transactions under generally accepted accounting principles. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

The general fund balance for FY22 ended at \$3,403,379. This is an increase of \$75,241.

- The District continued to receive stimulus money that helped with curriculum upgrades, bus purchases and additional positions in both the elementary and high school. The District also put the finishing touches on both the BEST project and Schneider Electric energy performance contract.
- The District continues to make capital improvements. The indoor track in the gymnasium was resurfaced and improvements to the superintendent's house were started. Other purchases included a maintenance pickup, a vehicle for district employee use and a new mower for the grounds department.
- The District recognizes the possibility of using beginning fund balance for FY23 to cover growing instruction costs, capital expenditures and any reduction of revenue caused by fluctuating enrollment. The District also recognizes that the use of stimulus funds the last few years is not a sustainable financial factor moving forward. The District will make every effort to work towards a balanced budget within normal business operations.
- The District will continue to carefully monitor the fund balance in an effort to maintain our programming and infrastructure at a high level.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The School Districts investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2022 amounts to \$13,752,878 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, and improvements, equipment, construction in progress, and capital leases all with an original cost greater than \$5,000.

The School District's total capital assets at June 30, 2022 net of accumulated depreciation were as follows

	Governmental Activities
Construction in progress	\$ 4,796,717
Buildings and improvements	8,255,476
Furniture and equipment	154,365
Licensed vehicles	546,320
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 13,752,878</u>

Additional information on the School District's capital assets can be found in note F to the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the School District's long-term debt of \$4,170,651 represented its compensated absences of \$129,851, financed purchases of \$1,714,340 and general obligation bonds and related bond premium of \$2,065,000 and \$261,460, respectively.

Economic Factors

The economy for the District and Phillips County is heavily reliant on farming. Phillips County has always been an excellent farming area with strong yields on multiple crops. This last year was particularly challenging due to drought conditions. All other industries in the area remain steady. Another major economic factor is housing. Phillips County has dealt with a shortage of affordable housing the last few years. The Phillips County Economic board has been active in investigating the problem and looking for solutions. However, the housing situation is a prohibitive factor for new employees and new families moving to the area.

The final budget for FY23 is still being adjusted as the District awaits final figures for both October Count and local assessed real estate values. Preliminary estimates have total assessed value of properties within the District as decreasing by over \$2,250,000. This is mostly due to new legislation implemented in the state.

The District student population typically remains steady with a fluctuation of a few students up or down. The current estimate for FY23 shows the District with 20 fewer students. This is expected to lower the funded count from 602.8 to 594.5. The initial budget was based off a projection 598 students for the funded count. The District did anticipate some fewer students. Maintaining a level student population will continue to be an uncertainty for the District due to being located in a small community and the lack of housing options.

The District still has a positive outlook towards funding. The Budget Stabilization for the District is estimated to decrease this year to \$235,000 which is down from last year at just under \$369,000. Early projections from the state for FY24 show another decrease to the Budget Stabilization factor as well as an increase to the District's per pupil revenue of almost \$1,000.

Contacting the Districts Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the district's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact Holyoke School District RE-1J, 435 S Morlan, Holyoke, CO 80734.

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Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements of the District include the following:

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide statements display information about the reporting government as a whole.

Fund financial statements. The fund financial statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes communicate information essential for fair presentation of the financial statements that is not displayed on the face of the financial statements. As such, the notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2022

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Assets	
Cash	\$ 4,830,697
Cash with fiscal agent	558,599
Receivables	334,692
Inventories	12,908
Capital assets, net of depreciation	<u>13,752,878</u>
Total assets	19,489,774
Deferred outflows of resources	
Pension deferrals	1,640,279
Other post-employment benefit deferrals	26,617
Deferred charges on refundings of bonds	<u>492</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>1,667,388</u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u><u>\$ 21,157,162</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 237,432
Accrued salaries and benefits	536,205
Payroll deductions and withholdings	21,117
Unearned revenues	7,192
Unearned grant revenue	52,509
Accrued interest payable	33,682
Noncurrent liabilities	
Due within one year	428,611
Due in more than one year	3,742,040
Net pension liability	6,042,719
Net OPEB liability	292,348
Total liabilities	<u>11,393,855</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	
Pension deferrals	3,295,083
Other post-employment benefit deferrals	132,874
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>3,427,957</u>
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	9,712,570
Restricted for:	
Emergencies	260,000
Capital projects	175,109
Food service operations	277,994
Scholarships	29,949
Debt service	342,661
Unrestricted (deficit)	<u>(4,462,933)</u>
Total net position	<u>6,335,350</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	<u><u>\$ 21,157,162</u></u>

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Expenses	Program Revenues		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Governmental activities				
Instruction	\$ 2,857,640	\$ 53,780	\$ 1,059,436	
Supporting services				
Students	75,471		9,850	
Instructional staff	123,436		90,351	
General administration	222,822		614	
School administration	128,263			
Business services	88,817			
Operations and maintenance	482,333			
Student transportation	250,159		55,620	
Central support services	172,233			
Food service operations	292,082	21,425	406,816	
Facilities acquisition				\$ 1,688,599
Unallocated depreciation *	354,383			
Interest and fiscal charges	98,529			
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 5,146,168</u>	<u>\$ 75,205</u>	<u>\$ 1,622,687</u>	<u>\$ 1,688,599</u>

General revenues
 Taxes
 Property taxes, levied for general purposes
 Property taxes, levied for debt service
 Specific ownership taxes
 Delinquent taxes and interest
 State categorical aid
 Earnings on investments
 Other

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position at beginning of year

Net position at end of year

* This amount excludes depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net (Expenses)
Revenues and
Changes in
Net Position

Governmental
Activities

\$ (1,744,424)

(65,621)

(33,085)

(222,208)

(128,263)

(88,817)

(482,333)

(194,539)

(172,233)

136,159

1,688,599

(354,383)

(98,529)

(1,759,677)

2,712,707

264,345

329,460

18,310

3,448,956

8,551

532,075

7,314,404

5,554,727

780,623

\$ 6,335,350

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Building Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash	\$ 3,858,171	\$ 172,304	\$ 800,222	\$ 4,830,697
Cash with fiscal agent	166,412		392,187	558,599
Due from other funds	51,848	7,000	11,471	70,319
Property taxes receivable	163,728		15,924	179,652
Grants receivable	46,710	18,356	77,174	142,240
Other receivables	11,034		1,766	12,800
Inventories			12,908	12,908
Total assets	\$ 4,297,903	\$ 197,660	\$ 1,311,652	\$ 5,807,215
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 204,851	\$ 22,551	\$ 10,030	\$ 237,432
Due to other funds	11,471		58,848	70,319
Accrued salaries and benefits	536,205			536,205
Payroll deductions and withholdings	21,117			21,117
Unearned revenues			7,192	7,192
Unearned grant revenue	52,509			52,509
Total liabilities	826,153	22,551	76,070	924,774
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred property tax revenues	68,371		6,602	74,973
Total deferred inflows of resources	68,371	-	6,602	74,973
Fund balance				
Nonspendable inventories			12,908	12,908
Restricted for:				
Emergencies	260,000			260,000
Capital projects		175,109		175,109
Food service operations			277,994	277,994
Scholarships			29,949	29,949
Debt service			342,661	342,661
Committed to:				
Pupil activities			163,086	163,086
Capital outlay			402,382	402,382
Unassigned	3,143,379			3,143,379
Total fund balance	3,403,379	175,109	1,228,980	4,807,468
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 4,297,903	\$ 197,660	\$ 1,311,652	\$ 5,807,215

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 4,807,468
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the fund.	13,752,878
Certain receivables will be collected in the next fiscal year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as unearned revenues in the funds.	74,973
Accrued interest on long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported as a liability in the funds.	(33,682)
Long-term liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	<u>(12,266,287)</u>
Net position of the governmental activities	<u>\$ 6,335,350</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Building Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 3,357,335		\$ 625,284	\$ 3,982,619
Intermediate sources	264			264
State sources	4,236,961	\$ 1,688,599	1,944	5,927,504
Federal sources	562,430		404,872	967,302
Total revenues	8,156,990	1,688,599	1,032,100	10,877,689
Expenditures				
Instruction	5,112,002		295,918	5,407,920
Supporting services	2,322,858		312,170	2,635,028
Capital outlay		3,206,264		3,206,264
Debt service				
Principal retirement	191,553		340,000	531,553
Interest and fiscal charges	52,954		72,462	125,416
Total expenditures	7,679,367	3,206,264	1,020,550	11,906,181
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	477,623	(1,517,665)	11,550	(1,028,492)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in			402,382	402,382
Transfers out	(402,382)			(402,382)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(402,382)	-	402,382	-
Net change in fund balances	75,241	(1,517,665)	413,932	(1,028,492)
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,328,138	1,692,774	815,048	5,835,960
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ 3,403,379</u>	<u>\$ 175,109</u>	<u>\$ 1,228,980</u>	<u>\$ 4,807,468</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ (1,028,492)
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	3,273,518
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are, instead, counted as deferred tax revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities.	(11,200)
In the statement of activities, certain expenses - compensated absences, accrued interest payable and amortization expenses - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).	19,224
Governmental funds report pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, service costs, current year benefit changes, member contributions, expected earnings on plan investments, administrative expenses and recognition of deferred outflows and inflows from the pensions and OPEB are reported as expense.	2,770,124
Repayment of principal on general obligation bonds and financed purchases are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces the long-term debt liability in the statement of net position.	<u>531,553</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u><u>\$ 5,554,727</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies

This summary of the Holyoke School District RE-1J's significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. The policies are considered essential and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A.1 – Reporting entity

The Holyoke School District RE-1J is a school district governed by an elected seven-member board of education. The financial reporting entity consists of (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The reporting entity's financial statements should present the funds of the primary government (including its blended component units, which are, in substance, part of the primary government) and provide an overview of the discretely presented component units.

The District has examined other entities that could be included as defined in number 2 and 3 above. Based on these criteria, the District has no component units.

A.2 – Fund accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types." The district does not have any proprietary or fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked funds (special revenue funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service fund). The following are the District's major governmental funds:

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

General Fund – The General Fund is the operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and State of Colorado equalization funding, as determined by the School Finance Act of 1994, as amended.

Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operation of the schools, except for certain capital outlay expenditures, debt service, food service operations, scholarships and pupil activities.

Building Fund – This fund is a capital projects fund used to account for the revenues from a bond issuance and BEST grant funds for the purpose of the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The following are the District’s nonmajor governmental funds:

Food Service Fund – This fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the financial activities associated with the District’s food service operations.

Pupil Activity Fund – This fund is a special revenue fund used to record transactions related to school-sponsored pupil organizations and activities.

Scholarship Fund – This fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the financial transactions related to the administration of scholarships that are awarded to students.

Bond Redemption Fund – This fund is a debt service fund used to account for the revenues from a specific tax levy for the purpose of the repayment of debt principal, interest and other fiscal charges.

Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund – This fund is a capital projects fund used to account for and report financial resources that have been designated for capital outlays acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

Note A.3 – Basis of presentation

Government-wide financial statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with a brief explanation to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund financial statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources management focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, which reports the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

A.4 – Basis of accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Revenues – exchange and non-exchange transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. State equalization monies are recognized as revenues during the period in which they are appropriated. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes collected within sixty days after year-end, interest, tuition, grants and student fees.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Unearned revenue – Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the “measurable” and “available” criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting eligibility requirements. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and the revenue is recognized.

Expenditures – the measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

A.5 – Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is utilized by the District to record purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies to assure effective budgetary control and accountability. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are canceled and reappropriated in the ensuing year’s budget.

A.6 – Short-term interfund receivables/payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as internal balances on the government-wide statement of net position, and are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet.

A.7 – Inventories

Food Service Fund – purchased inventories are stated at cost as determined by the first-in, first-out method. Commodity inventories are stated at the United States Department of Agriculture’s assigned values, which approximate fair value, at the date of receipt. Expenditures for food items are recorded when consumed. The federal government donates surplus commodities to the national school lunch program. Commodity distributions used by the District are recorded as revenues at the date of their consumption.

A.8 – Capital assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

All capital assets with a unit cost greater than \$5,000 are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost, if actual cost is not available) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value on the date received. Infrastructure assets, consisting of certain improvements other than buildings (such as parking facilities, sidewalks, landscaping and lighting systems) are capitalized along with other capital assets. Improvements to assets are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated with the exception of land costs. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Buildings and improvements	20-50 years
Furniture and equipment	5-25 years
Licensed vehicles	7-10 years

A.9 – Compensated absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, “Accounting for Compensated Absences.” Compensated absences benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees’ rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Accumulated sick leave benefits are paid to employees upon termination of employment.

Certain personnel and full-time employees receive up to two days of sick leave each year. Upon leaving the District, instructional staff are to be paid for up to twenty days of accumulated days at the current one-day substitute’s rate and administrative staff is to be paid for up to twenty days of accumulated days at 60% of the current one-day substitute’s rate. In addition, accumulated vacation days are to be paid to administrative staff upon leaving the District at their daily rate.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts, if any are recorded in the account “accrued compensated absences” in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

The amount recorded as liabilities for all applicable compensated absences include salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences, using the rate in effect at the balance sheet date.

A.10 – Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, the noncurrent portion of compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. Bonds payable and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due. Bond premiums and discounts and amounts deferred upon refunding are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

A.11 – Fund balance

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below.

Nonspendable, such as fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenditures, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned),

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the board of education (the District's highest level of decision-making authority),

Assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, and

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the District's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Committed fund balance is established by a formal passage of a resolution. This is typically done through the adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund. Assigned fund balance is established by the board of education through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service or for other purposes).

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available in governmental funds, the District applies expenditures against restricted fund balance first, and followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance.

A.12 – Net position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are liabilities imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

A.13 – Interfund transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. In general, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

A.14 – Extraordinary and special items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the board of education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during the year.

Note B – Cash and investments

Cash and deposits

Colorado State statutes govern the District's deposit of cash. The Public Deposit Protection Acts (PDPA) for banks and savings and loans require state regulators to certify eligible depositories for public deposits. The PDPA require eligible depositories with public deposits in excess of federal insurance levels to create a single institution collateral pool of defined eligible assets. Eligible collateral includes obligations of the United States, obligations of the State of Colorado or Colorado local governments and obligations secured by first lien mortgages on real property located in the state. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group and not held in any individual government's name. The fair value of the assets in the pool must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk – deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of year-end, the District had total deposits of \$4,867,677 of which \$630,199 was insured and \$4,237,478 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent in the District's name.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note B - Cash and investments (Continued)

Investments

Authorized Investments - Investment policies are governed by Colorado State Statutes and the District's own investment policies and procedures. Investments of the District may include:

- Obligations of the United States Government such as treasury bills, notes and bonds
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of United States local government entities
- Bankers acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

At year-end, the District did not have any investments.

Note C - Receivables

Receivables at year-end consist of the following:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Property taxes receivable	\$ 179,652
Grants receivable	142,240
Other receivables	<u>12,800</u>
Total	<u>\$ 334,692</u>

Property taxes are levied on December 15th and attach as a lien on property the following January 1st. They are payable in full by April 30th or are due in two equal installments on February 28th and June 15th. Phillips, Yuma and Sedgwick Counties bill and collect property taxes for all taxing entities within the Counties. The tax receipts collected by the county are remitted to the District in the subsequent month.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note D – Interfund transactions

The following is a summary of interfund borrowings and transfers for the year as presented in the fund financial statements:

	<u>Interfund Receivables</u>	<u>Interfund Payables</u>
<u>Governmental funds</u>		
General fund	\$ 51,848	\$ 11,471
Building fund	7,000	-
Other governmental funds	<u>11,471</u>	<u>58,848</u>
Total	<u>\$ 70,319</u>	<u>\$ 70,319</u>

All balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
<u>Governmental funds</u>		
General fund	\$ -	\$ 402,382
Other governmental funds	<u>402,382</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 402,382</u>	<u>\$ 402,382</u>

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them. The District transferred funds in the amount of \$402,382 from the General fund to the Other governmental funds to set funds aside for future capital outlays.

Note E – Accrued salaries and benefits

Salaries and benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelve-month period from September to August, but are earned during a school year of approximately nine to ten months. The salaries and benefits earned but not paid at year-end are estimated to be \$536,205. Accordingly, this accrued compensation is reflected as a liability in the accompanying financial statements.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note F – Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions/ Adjustments</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ 2,712,339	\$ 3,389,437	\$ (1,305,059)	\$ 4,796,717
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,712,339	3,389,437	(1,305,059)	4,796,717
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	20,811,261	84,702	1,305,059	22,201,022
Furniture and equipment	490,379	28,431	-	518,810
Licensed vehicles	945,452	270,925	(121,700)	1,094,677
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>22,247,092</u>	<u>384,058</u>	<u>1,183,359</u>	<u>23,814,509</u>
Total capital assets	24,959,431	3,773,495	(121,700)	28,611,226
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(13,544,348)	(401,198)	-	(13,945,546)
Furniture and equipment	(339,940)	(24,505)	-	(364,445)
Licensed vehicles	(595,783)	(74,274)	121,700	(548,357)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(14,480,071)</u>	<u>(499,977)</u>	<u>121,700</u>	<u>(14,858,348)</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 10,479,360</u>	<u>\$ 3,273,518</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 13,752,878</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities	
Instruction	\$ 56,627
Operations and maintenance	17,595
Student transportation	63,954
Food service operations	7,418
Unallocated	<u>354,383</u>
Total	<u>\$ 499,977</u>

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note G – Long-term debt

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt for the year:

	<u>Beginning</u> <u>Balances</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending</u> <u>Balances</u>	<u>Due within</u> <u>one year</u>
Governmental activities					
Compensated absences	\$ 122,188	\$ 7,663	\$ -	\$ 129,851	\$ -
Financed purchases	1,905,893	-	(191,553)	1,714,340	158,611
General obligation bonds	2,405,000	-	(340,000)	2,065,000	270,000
Bond premium	<u>293,514</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(32,054)</u>	<u>261,460</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 4,726,595</u>	<u>\$ 7,663</u>	<u>\$ (563,607)</u>	<u>\$ 4,170,651</u>	<u>\$ 428,611</u>

Payments on the financed purchases and compensated absences attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund. The District believes that the current portion of compensated absences is negligible and is therefore not reported. Payments on the general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Redemption Fund.

General obligation bonds

General obligation bonds payable consist of the following individual issue:

\$1,050,000 general obligation refunding bonds, dated October 31, 2014, due in annual installments beginning in fiscal year 2015 ranging from \$70,000 to \$205,000; varying interest rates from 2.00% to 2.50%, payable semi-annually on December 1 st and June 1 st .	\$ 70,000
\$2,200,000 general obligation bonds, dated February 17, 2021, due in annual installments ranging from \$200,000 to \$250,000; varying interest rates from 3.00% to 4.00%, payable semi-annually on June 1 st and December 1 st .	<u>1,995,000</u>
Total general obligation bonds	<u>\$ 2,065,000</u>

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note G – Long-term debt (Continued)

Prior-year defeasance of debt

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. At year-end, \$185,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Financed purchases

Facility renovation obligation – In December 2017, the District entered into an agreement with First Pioneer National Bank to finance a portion of the costs of constructing improvements which include a roof replacement and creating a life skills room. The agreement called for a term of ten years with annual renewal options. Annual payments of \$47,856 are due on December 30th of each year, with a final payment due in 2027. The average interest rate over the term is 3.13%.

Bus purchase obligation - In November 2018, the District entered into an agreement with First Pioneer National Bank to finance the acquisition of two 2021 Thomas buses. The agreement called for a term of five years with annual renewal options. Annual payments of \$42,297 are due on November 30th of each year, with a final payment due in 2023. The average interest rate over the term is 3.18%.

Bus purchase obligation - In October 2019, the District entered into an agreement with First Pioneer National Bank to finance the acquisition of three school buses. The agreement called for a term of seven years with annual renewal options. Annual payments of \$29,108 are due on May 25th of each year, with a final payment due in 2028. The average interest rate over the term is 2.48%.

Each of the agreements above contain a provision that, in the event of default, the lessor may, at its option, exercise any right, remedy, or privilege which may be available to it under applicable law, including the right to (a) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the terms of the agreement (b) recover damages for the breach of the agreement, and (c) cancel, terminate or rescind the agreement. In addition, the District shall remain liable for all covenants and indemnities under the agreement and for all legal fees and other costs and expenses, including court costs, incurred by the lessor with respect to the enforcement of any of the remedies listed above or any other remedy available to the lessor.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note G – Long-term debt (Continued)

Facility renovation obligation – In October 2020, the District entered into an agreement with Signature Public Funding Corp. to finance energy performance contract improvements and measures consisting of a new LED lighting and infrastructure upgrades including building automation system. The agreement called for a term of 15 years with annual renewal options. Annual payments ranging from \$20,372 to \$144,429 are due on October 30th of each year, with a final payment due in 2035. The average interest rate over the term is 2.70 %.

The agreement above contains a provision that, in the event of default, the lessor has the right, at its option and without any further demand or notice to one or more of the following remedies (a) with or without terminating the agreement, may declare all payments immediately due and payable (b) with our without terminating the agreement, may repossess any or all of the equipment by giving the District written notice to deliver such equipment in the manner provided in the agreement (c) if the lessor terminates the agreement, and, in its discretion, takes possession and disposes of any or all of the equipment, the lessor shall apply the proceeds of any such disposition to the pay the costs listed in the agreement (d) take any other remedy available, at law or in equity, with respect to such event of default, including those sounding mandamus, specific performance/enforcement, or otherwise requiring the District to perform any of its obligation or to pay any moneys due and payable to the lessor, and the District shall pay the actual reasonable attorneys’ fees and other costs and expenses incurred by the lessor in enforcing any remedy permitted (e) each of the foregoing remedies is cumulative and may be enforced separately or concurrently.

The following schedule represents the District’s debt service requirements to maturity for the outstanding long-term debt at year-end:

<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	<u>Financed Purchases</u>		<u>Bonds Payable</u>	
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2023	\$ 158,611	\$ 47,487	\$ 270,000	\$ 62,625
2024	166,665	42,907	200,000	55,750
2025	136,435	38,099	210,000	49,600
2026	144,160	34,278	215,000	43,225
2027	152,238	30,259	220,000	36,700
2028-2032	542,895	99,423	950,000	72,950
2033-2035	413,336	23,870	-	-
Totals	<u>\$ 1,714,340</u>	<u>\$ 316,323</u>	<u>\$ 2,065,000</u>	<u>\$ 320,850</u>

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. The District participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the SCHDTF – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2021. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. Section 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100% match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100% of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50% or 100% on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Upon meeting certain criteria, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit generally receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Subject to the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) under C.R.S. Section 24-51-413, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, and all eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive the maximum annual increase (AI) or AI cap of 1.00% unless adjusted by the AAP. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lessor of an annual increase of the 1.00% AI cap or the average increase of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed a determined increase that would exhaust 10% of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned AI cap by up to 0.25% based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2022. Eligible employees of the District and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. Section 24-51-401, *et seq.* and Section 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 10.50% of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2021 Through <u>June 30, 2022</u>
Employer contribution rate	10.90%
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-208(1)(f)	<u>(1.02)%</u>
Amount apportioned to the SCHDTF	9.88%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-411	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-411	<u>5.50%</u>
Total employer contribution rate to the SCHDTF	<u><u>19.88%</u></u>

**Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. Section 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the District were \$668,531 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the SCHDTF and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. As specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. In addition to the \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution due July 1, 2022, House Bill (HB) 22-1029, instructs the State treasurer to issue a warrant to PERA in the amount of \$380 million (actual dollars), upon enactment, with reductions to future direct distributions scheduled to occur July 1, 2023, and July 1, 2024.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2021. The District’s proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District’s contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At year end, the District reported a liability of \$6,042,719 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,042,719
The State’s proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the District	<u>692,721</u>
Total	<u>\$ 6,735,440</u>

At December 31, 2021, the District’s proportion was 0.0519%, which was a decrease of 0.0063% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$(2,147,149) and revenue of \$73,957 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At year-end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 248,761	\$ -
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	517,231	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	2,358,612
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	530,310	936,471
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>343,977</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,640,279</u>	<u>\$ 3,295,083</u>

\$343,977 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30, _____</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2023	\$ (232,906)
2024	(800,801)
2025	(689,316)
2026	<u>(275,758)</u>
Totals	<u>\$ (1,998,781)</u>

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation:	3.40%–11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07 and DPS benefit structure (compounded annually)	1.00%
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 ₁	Financed by the AIR

₁ Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

The total pension liability as of December 31, 2021, includes the anticipated adjustments to contribution rates and the AI cap, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022.

The mortality tables described below are generational mortality tables developed on a benefit-weighted basis.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020, meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation, and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	<u>6.00%</u>	4.70%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50% resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50% resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022. Employer contributions also include the current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the FNP position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- The projected benefit payments reflect the lowered AI cap, from 1.25% to 1.00%, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the SCHDTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease <u>(6.25%)</u>	Current Discount Rate <u>(7.25%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(8.25%)</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ <u>8,894,388</u>	\$ <u>6,042,719</u>	\$ <u>3,663,108</u>

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF's FNP is available in PERA's ACFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Payables to the pension plan

The District did not report any payables to the pension plan at year-end.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note I – Defined contribution pension plan

Voluntary Investment Program

Plan description - Employees of the District that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available ACFR which includes additional information on the Voluntary Investment Program. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding policy - The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. The District does not offer matching contributions to its employees. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended June 30, 2022, program members contributed \$32,603 for the Voluntary Investment Program.

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

OPEB. The District participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the HCTF – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended, and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. Section 24-51-1202 *et seq.* specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare health benefits program is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. Section 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

DPS Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02% of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the District were \$34,301 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At year-end, the District reported a liability of \$292,348 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2021. The District’s proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District’s contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2021, the District’s proportion was 0.0339%, which was an increase of 0.0002% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(11,780). At year-end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 500	\$ 69,926
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	6,162	15,754
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	17,971
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	2,307	29,223
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>17,648</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 26,617</u>	<u>\$ 132,874</u>

\$17,648 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, _____	Amount
2023	\$ (36,440)
2024	(37,635)
2025	(32,872)
2026	(14,401)
2027	(2,268)
2028	<u>(289)</u>
Total	<u>\$ (123,905)</u>

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs for the School Division:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.40%-11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	4.50% in 2021, 6.00% in 2022 gradually decreasing to 4.50% in 2029
Medicare Part A premiums	3.75% in 2021, gradually increasing to 4.50% in 2029
DPS benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	N/A
Medicare Part A premiums	N/A

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the tie of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between employers of each fund to that point.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A in December 31, 2020, valuation, the following monthly costs/premiums (actual dollars) are assumed for 2021 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

<u>Medicare Plan</u>	<u>Initial Costs for Members without Medicare Part A</u>		
	<u>Monthly Cost</u>	<u>Monthly Premium</u>	<u>Monthly Cost Adjusted to Age 65</u>
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Rx	\$633	\$230	\$591
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	596	199	562

The 2021 Medicare Part A premium is \$471 (actual dollars) per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2020, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

<u>Year</u>	<u>PERACare Medicare Plans</u>	<u>Medicare Part A Premiums</u>
2021	4.50%	3.75%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.80%	4.00%
2024	5.60%	4.00%
2025	5.40%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.25%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below, reflect generational mortality and were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the TO for the HCTF, but developed using a headcount-weighted basis. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 94% of the rates prior to age 80 and 90% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 87% of the rates prior to age 80 and 107% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School and Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for members other than State Troopers were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll-forward calculation for the Trust Fund:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2021 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by PERA Board's actuary, as discussed above.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020, meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	<u>6.00%</u>	4.70%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	<u>1% Decrease in Trend Rates</u>	<u>Current Trend Rates</u>	<u>1% Increase in Trend Rates</u>
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.75%	3.75%	4.75%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	<u>3.50%</u>	<u>4.50%</u>	<u>5.50%</u>
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 283,953	\$ 292,348	\$ 302,074

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2021, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the HCTF's FNP was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

	1% Decrease <u>(6.25%)</u>	Current Discount Rate <u>(7.25%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(8.25%)</u>
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ <u>339,532</u>	\$ <u>292,348</u>	\$ <u>252,045</u>

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF’s FNP is available in PERA’s ACFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Payables to the OPEB plan

The District did not report any payables to the OPEB plan at year-end.

Note K – Risk management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in the Colorado School Districts Self-Insurance Pool (the Pool). The Pool’s objectives are to provide member school districts defined property and liability coverages through self-insurance and excess insurance purchased from commercial companies. The District pays an annual contribution to the Pool for its insurance coverages. The District’s contribution for the year was \$111,628. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including workers’ compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage or the deductible in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year in any of the major categories of risk.

Note L – Commitments and contingencies

TABOR Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment, commonly known as the Taxpayer’s Bill of Rights (TABOR), to the State Constitution (Article X, Section 20) which limits the revenue raising and spending abilities of state and local governments. The limits on property taxes, revenue, and “fiscal year spending” include allowable annual increases tied to inflation and local growth in student enrollment. Fiscal year spending as defined by the amendment excludes spending from certain revenue and financing sources such as federal funds, gifts, property sales, fund transfers, damage awards, and fund reserves (balances). The amendment requires voter approval for any increase in mill levy or tax rates, new taxes, or creation of multi-year debt. Revenue earned in excess of the “spending limit” must be refunded or approved to be retained by the District under specified voting

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note L – Commitments and contingencies (Continued)

requirements by the entire electorate. On November 7, 1995, the voters of the District approved a ballot initiative permitting the District to retain, appropriate, and utilize, by retention for reserve, carryover fund balance, or expenditure, the full proceeds and revenues received from every source whatsoever, without limitation, in this fiscal year and all subsequent fiscal years notwithstanding any limitation of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution. TABOR is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of TABOR. However, the District has made certain interpretations of TABOR's language in order to determine its compliance. The District has reserved funds in the General Fund in the amount of \$260,000 for the emergency reserve.

Federal and state funding

The District receives revenues from various federal and state grant programs which are subject to final review and approval by the grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Local Government Budget Law

Expenditures in the Building Fund exceeded the appropriation by \$1,271,866 and may be in violation of Colorado Local Government Budget Laws.

Note M – Joint venture

The District participates in the Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). This joint venture does not meet the criteria for inclusion within the reporting entity because the BOCES:

- is financially independent and responsible for its own financing deficits and entitled to its own surpluses,
- has a separate governing board from that of the District,
- has a separate management which is responsible for the day to day operations and is accountable to the separate board, governing board and management have the ability to significantly influence operations by approving budgetary requests and adjustments, signing contracts, hiring personnel, exercising control over facilities and determining the outcome or disposition of matters affecting the recipients of services provided, and
- has absolute authority over all funds and fiscal responsibility including budgetary responsibility and reporting to state agencies and controls fiscal management.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Financial Statements

Note M – Joint venture (Continued)

The District has one member on the board. This board has final authority for all budgeting and financing of the joint venture.

Separate financial statements of the Northeast Colorado Board of Educational Services are available by contacting their administrative office in Haxtun, Colorado.

For the year, the District's financial contribution was \$235,204.

Note N – Construction commitments

The District began a construction project to provide secure entry, student safety and access improvements to address existing deficiencies in the junior/senior high school during the 2020-21 school year at an estimated cost of \$4,691,299, funded in part with local bond funds as well as state BEST Grant funds. At year-end, the District had approximately \$71,902 in uncompleted construction contracts, which will be paid from remaining local bond funds as well as BEST Grant funds.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund
- Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – PERA's School Division Trust Fund
- Schedule of District Contributions – PERA's School Division Trust Fund
- Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – PERA's Health Care Trust Fund
- Schedule of District Contributions – PERA's Health Care Trust Fund

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
General Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 3,111,790	\$ 3,177,168	\$ 3,357,335	\$ 180,167
Intermediate sources	150	150	264	114
State sources	4,200,646	4,114,534	4,236,961	122,427
Federal sources	695,641	698,696	562,430	(136,266)
Total revenues	8,008,227	7,990,548	8,156,990	166,442
Expenditures				
Instruction	5,583,718	5,618,284	5,112,002	506,282
Supporting services	2,424,509	2,417,697	2,322,858	94,839
Debt service				
Principal retirement			191,553	(191,553)
Interest and fiscal charges			52,954	(52,954)
Appropriated reserves	2,285,193	3,328,138		3,328,138
Total expenditures	10,293,420	11,364,119	7,679,367	3,684,752
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,285,193)	(3,373,571)	477,623	3,851,194
Other financing sources (uses)				
Capital lease proceeds		125,433		(125,433)
Transfers out		(80,000)	(402,382)	(322,382)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	45,433	(402,382)	(447,815)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (2,285,193)	\$ (3,328,138)	75,241	\$ 3,403,379
Fund balance at beginning of year			3,328,138	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 3,403,379	

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HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability¹
PERA's School Division Trust Fund
June 30, 2022

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0519%	0.0582%	0.0528%	0.0563%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,042,719	\$ 8,801,506	\$ 7,887,913	\$ 9,962,439
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>692,721</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,000,481</u>	<u>1,362,225</u>
Total	<u>\$ 6,735,440</u>	<u>\$ 8,801,506</u>	<u>\$ 8,888,394</u>	<u>\$ 11,324,664</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,245,152	\$ 3,114,766	\$ 3,102,808	\$ 3,093,052
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	186.21%	282.57%	254.22%	322.09%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.86%	66.99%	64.52%	57.01%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

¹ Information is not available prior to June 30, 2014. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>	<u>June 30, 2014</u>
0.0668%	0.0681%	0.0640%	0.0661%	0.0648%
\$ 21,613,573	\$ 20,279,630	\$ 9,786,087	\$ 8,957,133	\$ 8,263,438
-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 21,613,573</u>	<u>\$ 20,279,630</u>	<u>\$ 9,786,087</u>	<u>\$ 8,957,133</u>	<u>\$ 8,263,438</u>
\$ 3,083,233	\$ 3,056,996	\$ 2,788,460	\$ 2,768,609	\$ 2,611,729
701.00%	663.38%	350.95%	323.52%	316.40%
43.96%	43.10%	59.20%	62.84%	64.10%

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Schedule of District Contributions¹
PERA's School Division Trust Fund
June 30, 2022

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 668,531	\$ 621,213	\$ 610,259	\$ 583,940
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(668,531)</u>	<u>(621,213)</u>	<u>(610,259)</u>	<u>(583,940)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,362,825	\$ 3,124,777	\$ 3,148,906	\$ 3,052,483
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.88%	19.88%	19.38%	19.13%

¹ Information is not available prior to June 30, 2014. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>	<u>June 30, 2014</u>
\$ 587,570	\$ 561,151	\$ 523,551	\$ 472,859	\$ 421,296
<u>(587,570)</u>	<u>(561,151)</u>	<u>(523,551)</u>	<u>(472,859)</u>	<u>(421,296)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 3,111,133	\$ 3,052,292	\$ 2,949,109	\$ 2,801,431	\$ 2,633,660
18.89%	18.38%	17.75%	16.88%	16.00%

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability¹
PERA's Health Care Trust Fund
June 30, 2022

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0339%	0.0337%	0.0345%	0.0366%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 292,348	\$ 320,058	\$ 387,868	\$ 497,563
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,245,152	\$ 3,114,766	\$ 3,102,808	\$ 3,093,052
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	9.01%	10.28%	12.50%	16.09%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	39.40%	32.78%	24.49%	17.03%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

¹ Information is not available prior to June 30, 2017. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>
----------------------	----------------------

0.0380%	0.0387%
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\$ 493,562	\$ 501,963
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\$ 3,083,233	\$ 3,056,996
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16.01%	16.42%
--------	--------

17.53%	16.72%
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HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Schedule of District Contributions¹
PERA's Health Care Trust Fund
June 30, 2022

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 34,301	\$ 31,873	\$ 32,119	\$ 31,135
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(34,301)</u>	<u>(31,873)</u>	<u>(32,119)</u>	<u>(31,135)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,362,825	\$ 3,124,777	\$ 3,148,906	\$ 3,052,483
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%

¹ Information is not available prior to June 30, 2017. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>
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\$ 31,734	\$ 31,133
-----------	-----------

<u>(31,734)</u>	<u>(31,133)</u>
-----------------	-----------------

<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
-------------	-------------

\$ 3,111,133	\$ 3,052,292
--------------	--------------

1.02%

1.02%

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Note A – Budgetary data

The District adheres to the following procedures in compliance with Colorado Revised Statutes, establishing the budgetary data in the financial statements:

1. Budgets are required by state law for all funds. Prior to May 31, the superintendent of schools submits to the board of education a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. Public hearings are conducted by the board of education to obtain taxpayer comments.
3. Prior to June 30, the budget is adopted by formal resolution.
4. Prior to January 31, the board of education submits its adopted annual budget to the department of education.
5. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Authorization to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund and reallocation of budget line items within any department in the General Fund rests with the superintendent of schools. Revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the board of education.
6. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
7. Budgeted amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted and as amended by the board of education throughout the year. After budget approval, the District board of education may approve supplemental appropriations if an occurrence, condition, or need exists which was not known at the time the budget was adopted.
8. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

Note B – Factors affecting trends in amounts reported in the pension and OPEB schedules

Information about factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported in the Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities and the Schedules of District Contributions is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

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Budgetary Comparison Schedules - General Fund

The General Fund accounts for all transactions of the District not required to be accounted for in other funds. This fund represents an accounting of the District's ordinary operations financed primarily from property and specific ownership taxes and state aid. It is the most significant fund in relation to the District's overall operations. The schedules of revenues and expenditures are included to provide a greater level of detail to the reader of the financial statements.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
General Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 2,701,554	\$ 2,727,490	\$ 2,723,347	\$ (4,143)
Specific ownership taxes	275,928	295,370	329,460	34,090
Delinquent taxes and interest	7,200	7,200	16,697	9,497
Earnings on investments	2,500	2,500	8,454	5,954
Pupil activities	47,000	47,000	53,780	6,780
Services within the BOCES			3,750	3,750
Other local revenue	77,608	97,608	221,847	124,239
Total local sources	3,111,790	3,177,168	3,357,335	180,167
Intermediate sources	150	150	264	114
State sources				
Equalization	3,497,736	3,397,737	3,448,956	51,219
Vocational education	28,000	38,003	37,859	(144)
ELPA professional development	30,000	30,000		(30,000)
English language proficiency act	25,000	33,661	33,661	-
Transportation	50,000	54,445	55,620	1,175
State grants to libraries	4,500	4,500	6,251	1,751
Small rural schools funding	236,165	236,165	236,165	-
Additional at-risk funding			4,515	4,515
READ Act	15,000	20,845	20,845	-
At-risk mitigation			59,966	59,966
Revenue from other agencies	150,000	100,000	158,057	58,057
Services within the BOCES	164,245	199,178	175,066	(24,112)
Total state sources	4,200,646	4,114,534	4,236,961	122,427
Federal sources				
Title I	86,000	85,080	84,746	(334)
Coronavirus relief funds	523,902			-
Title II-A	17,000	16,887	16,853	(34)
Title IV-A	10,000	9,850	9,850	-
ARP ESSER III - 90% allocation		524,577	393,584	(130,993)
SNAP: P-EBT mini grants			614	614
REAP	33,889	37,452	37,452	-
Services within the BOCES	24,850	24,850	19,331	(5,519)
Total federal sources	695,641	698,696	562,430	(136,266)
Total revenues	\$ 8,008,227	\$ 7,990,548	\$ 8,156,990	\$ 166,442

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HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
General Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Salaries	\$ 2,430,292	\$ 2,541,980	\$ 2,545,009	\$ (3,029)
Employee benefits	992,970	999,174	1,032,041	(32,867)
Purchased services	547,542	550,901	510,102	40,799
Supplies and materials	284,650	288,510	119,327	169,183
Property	22,700	41,900	36,881	5,019
Other	1,305,564	1,195,819	868,642	327,177
Total instruction	5,583,718	5,618,284	5,112,002	506,282
Supporting services				
Students				
Salaries	119,739	119,739	115,402	4,337
Employee benefits	44,969	44,923	47,031	(2,108)
Purchased services	200	10,200	6,766	3,434
Supplies and materials	2,000	2,000	354	1,646
Total students	166,908	176,862	169,553	7,309
Instructional staff				
Salaries	3,400	3,400	5,100	(1,700)
Employee benefits	760	760	1,849	(1,089)
Purchased services	115,870	99,870	72,500	27,370
Supplies and materials	14,405	15,155	13,311	1,844
Property	32,000	5,000	4,612	388
Other	37,565	33,065	30,222	2,843
Total instructional staff	204,000	157,250	127,594	29,656
General administration				
Salaries	154,404	153,386	157,189	(3,803)
Employee benefits	45,351	62,121	66,102	(3,981)
Purchased services	121,750	120,250	103,216	17,034
Supplies and materials	8,500	10,250	7,128	3,122
Property	500	500		500
Other	39,612	49,612	17,337	32,275
Total general administration	370,117	396,119	350,972	45,147

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget
				Favorable
				(Unfavorable)
School administration				
Salaries	208,688	212,969	207,799	5,170
Employee benefits	82,511	83,830	82,564	1,266
Purchased services	2,900	2,900	1,885	1,015
Supplies and materials	3,800	3,800	3,571	229
Property	500	500	319	181
Other	2,320	2,320	1,535	785
Total school administration	300,719	306,319	297,673	8,646
Business services				
Salaries	114,764	115,950	132,639	(16,689)
Employee benefits	43,857	44,076	50,123	(6,047)
Purchased services	2,250	2,250		2,250
Supplies and materials		4,000	5,075	(1,075)
Property	2,500	750	2,984	(2,234)
Other	450	450	6,131	(5,681)
Total business services	163,821	167,476	196,952	(29,476)
Operations and maintenance				
Salaries	225,285	230,316	244,357	(14,041)
Employee benefits	115,220	116,682	120,809	(4,127)
Purchased services	186,800	192,700	166,295	26,405
Supplies and materials	87,700	97,700	128,640	(30,940)
Property	2,000	3,500	3,769	(269)
Other	500	500	83	417
Total operations and maintenance	617,505	641,398	663,953	(22,555)
Student transportation				
Salaries	161,049	138,136	133,169	4,967
Employee benefits	45,776	30,494	36,226	(5,732)
Purchased services	59,500	61,500	48,628	12,872
Supplies and materials	57,050	57,050	73,224	(16,174)
Property			3,495	(3,495)
Other	100	100	30	70
Total student transportation	323,475	287,280	294,772	(7,492)

(continued)

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
General Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(continued)	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Central support services				
Salaries	57,506	62,437	60,295	2,142
Employee benefits	21,464	23,562	24,415	(853)
Purchased services	182,394	182,394	134,363	48,031
Supplies and materials	10,500	10,500	1,595	8,905
Property	5,000	5,000		5,000
Other	1,100	1,100	721	379
Total central support services	<u>277,964</u>	<u>284,993</u>	<u>221,389</u>	<u>63,604</u>
Total supporting services	2,424,509	2,417,697	2,322,858	94,839
Debt service				
Principal retirement			191,553	(191,553)
Interest and fiscal charges			52,954	(52,954)
Total debt service	-	-	244,507	(244,507)
Appropriated reserves	<u>2,285,193</u>	<u>3,328,138</u>		<u>3,328,138</u>
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 10,293,420</u>	<u>\$ 11,364,119</u>	<u>\$ 7,679,367</u>	<u>\$ 3,684,752</u>

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

The District reports the following nonmajor governmental fund:

Special Revenue Funds – These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

- Food Service Fund – This fund is used to record financial transactions related to the District’s food service operations.
- Pupil Activity Fund – This fund is used to record transactions related to school-sponsored pupil organizations and activities.
- Scholarship Fund – This fund is used to account for the financial transactions related to the administration of scholarships that are awarded to students.

Debt Service Fund – These funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

- Bond Redemption Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenues from a specific tax levy for the purpose of the repayment of debt principal, interest and other fiscal charges.

Capital Projects Fund – These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

- Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund – This fund was established to account for and report financial resources that have been designated for capital outlays acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Combining Balance Sheet
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Food Service Fund	Pupil Activity Fund	Scholarship Fund	Bond Redemption Fund
Assets				
Cash	\$ 194,775	\$ 173,116	\$ 29,949	
Cash with fiscal agent				\$ 392,187
Due from other funds	11,471			
Property taxes receivable				15,924
Grants receivable	77,174			
Other receivables	1,766			
Inventory	12,908			
Total assets	\$ 298,094	\$ 173,116	\$ 29,949	\$ 408,111
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		\$ 10,030		
Due to other funds				\$ 58,848
Unearned revenue	\$ 7,192			
Total liabilities	7,192	10,030	\$ -	58,848
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred property tax revenues				6,602
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	-	-	6,602
Fund balance				
Nonspendable inventory	12,908			
Restricted for:				
Food service operations	277,994			
Scholarships			29,949	
Debt service				342,661
Committed to:				
Pupil activities		163,086		
Capital outlay				
Total fund balance	290,902	163,086	29,949	342,661
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 298,094	\$ 173,116	\$ 29,949	\$ 408,111

Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	Totals
\$ 402,382	\$ 800,222
	392,187
	11,471
	15,924
	77,174
	1,766
	12,908
\$ 402,382	\$ 1,311,652
	\$ 10,030
	58,848
	7,192
\$ -	76,070
	6,602
-	6,602
	12,908
	277,994
	29,949
	342,661
	163,086
402,382	402,382
402,382	1,228,980
\$ 402,382	\$ 1,311,652

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Food Service Fund	Pupil Activity Fund	Scholarship Fund	Bond Redemption Fund
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 21,448	\$ 306,214	\$ 31,032	\$ 266,590
State sources	1,944			
Federal sources	404,872			
Total revenues	428,264	306,214	31,032	266,590
Expenditures				
Instruction		267,788	28,130	
Supporting services	312,170			
Debt service				
Principal				340,000
Interest and fiscal charges				72,462
Total expenditures	312,170	267,788	28,130	412,462
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	116,094	38,426	2,902	(145,872)
Other financing sources				
Transfers in				
Net change in fund balance	116,094	38,426	2,902	(145,872)
Fund balance at beginning of year	174,808	124,660	27,047	488,533
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ 290,902</u>	<u>\$ 163,086</u>	<u>\$ 29,949</u>	<u>\$ 342,661</u>

Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	Totals
	\$ 625,284
	1,944
	404,872
\$ -	1,032,100
	295,918
	312,170
	340,000
	72,462
-	1,020,550
-	11,550
402,382	402,382
402,382	413,932
-	815,048
\$ 402,382	\$ 1,228,980

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Food Service Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 19,000	\$ 16,500	\$ 21,448	\$ 4,948
State sources			1,944	1,944
Federal sources	222,689	433,212	404,872	(28,340)
Total revenues	241,689	449,712	428,264	(21,448)
Expenditures				
Supporting services				
Salaries		14,640		14,640
Employee benefits		3,272		3,272
Purchased services	145,923	218,320	147,564	70,756
Supplies and materials	95,766	193,480	131,126	62,354
Property		17,000	32,504	(15,504)
Other		3,000	976	2,024
Appropriated reserves	72,428	174,808		174,808
Total expenditures	314,117	624,520	312,170	312,350
Net change in fund balance	\$ (72,428)	\$ (174,808)	116,094	\$ 290,902
Fund balance at beginning of year			174,808	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 290,902	

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Pupil Activity Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 245,000	\$ 205,000	\$ 306,214	\$ 101,214
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Purchased services	245,000	205,000	59,200	145,800
Supplies and materials			144,904	(144,904)
Property			6,009	(6,009)
Other			57,675	(57,675)
Appropriated reserves	152,971	124,660		124,660
Total expenditures	397,971	329,660	267,788	61,872
Net change in fund balance	\$ (152,971)	\$ (124,660)	38,426	\$ 163,086
Fund balance at beginning of year			124,660	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 163,086	

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Scholarship Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources				
Earnings on investments			\$ 2	\$ 2
Contributions	\$ 21,000	\$ 21,000	31,030	10,030
Total revenues	21,000	21,000	31,032	10,032
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Other	21,000	21,000	28,130	(7,130)
Appropriated reserves	54,438	27,047		27,047
Total expenditures	75,438	48,047	28,130	19,917
Net change in fund balance	\$ (54,438)	\$ (27,047)	2,902	\$ 29,949
Fund balance at beginning of year			27,047	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 29,949	

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Bond Redemption Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 263,004	\$ 265,529	\$ 264,905	\$ (624)
Delinquent taxes and interest	500	500	1,613	1,113
Earnings on investments	3,000	3,000	72	(2,928)
Total revenues	266,504	269,029	266,590	(2,439)
Expenditures				
Debt service				
Principal retirement	275,000	340,000	340,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	58,682	71,388	72,462	(1,074)
Appropriated reserves	392,385	488,533		488,533
Total expenditures	726,067	899,921	412,462	487,459
Net change in fund balance	\$ (459,563)	\$ (630,892)	(145,872)	\$ 485,020
Fund balance at beginning of year			488,533	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 342,661	

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Expenditures				
Appropriated reserves		80,000		80,000
Total expenditures	-	80,000	-	80,000
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	(80,000)	-	(80,000)
Other financing sources				
Transfers in		80,000	402,382	322,382
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	402,382	\$ 402,382
Fund balance at beginning of year			-	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 402,382	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Capital Projects Fund

The District reports the following major capital projects fund:

- Building Fund – This fund is a capital projects fund used to account for the revenues from a bond issuance and BEST grant funds for the purpose of the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Building Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 80,000			\$ -
State sources		\$ 241,624	\$ 1,688,599	1,446,975
Total revenues	80,000	241,624	1,688,599	1,446,975
Expenditures				
Capital outlay				
Property		1,692,774	3,206,264	(1,513,490)
Other	80,000	241,624		241,624
Total expenditures	80,000	1,934,398	3,206,264	(1,271,866)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ (1,692,774)	(1,517,665)	\$ 175,109
Fund balance at beginning of year			1,692,774	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 175,109	

Single Audit Section

The Single Audit Section contains the following:

- Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*
- Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
- Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor / Pass-through Grantor / Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-through program from:			
Colorado Department of Human Services Donated Commodities	10.555	4555	\$ 19,582
Colorado Department of Education School Breakfast Program	10.553	5553	152,538
National School Lunch Program	10.555	5555	195,373
National School Lunch Program	10.555	6555	<u>13,805</u>
Total CFDA Number 10.555			228,760
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	4559	<u>23,574</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			404,872
Pass-through program from:			
Colorado Department of Education Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	4649	<u>614</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			405,486
U.S. Department of Education			
Rural Education	84.358	N/A	37,452
Pass-through programs from:			
Colorado Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	4010	84,746
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	4367	16,853
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	4424	9,850
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425U	4414	<u>393,584</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>542,485</u>
Total expenditures of federal awards			<u>\$ 947,971</u>

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note A – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Holyoke School District RE-1J under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR), *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Holyoke School District RE-1J, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Holyoke School District RE-1J.

Note B – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, some amounts presented in this Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statement(s) of the federal program. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note C – Indirect Cost Rate

Holyoke School District RE-1J has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note D – Subrecipients

Holyoke School District RE-1J did not pass through any federal grants to subrecipients.

Note E – Nonmonetary assistance

Federal nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair value of the items received and disbursed during the year. Holyoke School District RE-1J received nonmonetary assistance for the year as follows:

CFDA No. 10.555	National School Lunch Program	\$ <u>19,582</u>
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**Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards***

Board of Education
Holyoke School District RE-1J
Holyoke, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Holyoke School District RE-1J (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 21, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lauer, Szabo & Associates, P.C.

Sterling, Colorado
November 21, 2022



**Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program
and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance**

Board of Education
Holyoke School District RE-1J
Holyoke, Colorado

Report on Compliance of Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Holyoke School District RE-1J's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as define above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion in expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lauer, Szabo & Associates, P.C.

Sterling, Colorado
November 21, 2022

HOLYOKE SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1J
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Summary of audit results

1. The auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statements of the Holyoke School District RE-1J (the District).
2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the basic financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
3. No instances of noncompliance material to the basic financial statements of the District were disclosed during the audit.
4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the District expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
6. The audit did not disclose any findings relative to the major federal award programs of the District.
7. The programs tested as major were:

Child Nutrition Cluster	CFDA Nos. 10.553, 10.555 and 10.559
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8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
9. The District did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

Findings – Financial statement audit

We noted no findings that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Findings and Questioned Costs

We noted no findings or questioned costs that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

Prior year findings

There were no findings or questioned costs reported for the year ended June 30, 2021.

**Colorado Department of Education
Supplementary Schedule**

Auditors' integrity report – This fiscal-year report is required by the Colorado Department of Education to maintain statewide consistency in financial reporting. This report is also used to gather financial data that could affect future state funding.



Colorado Department of Education
Auditors Integrity Report
 District: 2620 - Holyoke Re-1)
 Fiscal Year 2021-22
 Colorado School District/BOCES

Fund Type & Number	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj (6880*)	+	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other Sources	-	0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other Uses	=	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj (6880*) Ending Fund Balance	
Governmental								
10 General Fund	3,328,138	0	7,754,609	0	7,679,367	0	3,403,379	
18 Risk Mgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
19 Colorado Preschool Program Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sub-Total	3,328,138		7,754,609		7,679,367		3,403,379	
11 Charter School Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
20.26-29 Special Revenue Fund	27,047	0	31,032	0	28,130	0	29,949	
06 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main, Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
07 Total Program Reserve Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
21 Food Service Spec. Revenue Fund	174,808	0	428,264	0	312,171	0	290,902	
22 Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
23 Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	124,650	0	306,214	0	267,788	0	163,086	
25 Transportation Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
31 Bond Redemption Fund	488,533	0	266,590	0	412,462	0	342,661	
39 Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
41 Building Fund	1,692,774	0	1,688,600	0	3,206,264	0	175,109	
42 Special Building Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
43 Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	0	0	402,382	0	0	0	402,382	
46 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Totals	5,835,960		10,877,691		11,906,182		4,807,468	
Proprietary								
50 Other Enterprise Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
64 (63) Risk-Related Activity Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
60.65-69 Other Internal Service Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Totals	0		0		0		0	
Fiduciary								
70 Other Trust and Agency Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
72 Private Purpose Trust Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
73 Agency Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
74 Pupil Activity Agency Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
79 GASB 34:Permanent Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
85 Foundations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Totals	0		0		0		0	
FINAL								